Brian Center CNA charged with rape
ALLISON OLSCWY
Waynesville Police Department has made an arrest in an ongoing investigation into the allegations of sexual assault that occurred in late February at the Brian Center for Health and Rehabilitation in Waynesville.

Luis Gomez, 56, of Waynesville, was arrested Thursday on the charge of second-degree rape.

The allegation came to light after a patient at the center reported the incident to her daughter who urged her to report it to the authorities.

After an extensive investigation, Tyler Howell, a senior police officer with the Waynesville Police Department, arrested Gomez at his home.

Gomez worked at the center as a certified nurse assistant.

Waynesville Police Chief Bill Hollingsed said Gomez had been suspected from working at the center from the moment the investigation began and that he had no contact with any of the residents of the center from that time forward.

"We made sure he didn’t have access to any other patients there as soon as we were aware of the allegations," Hollingsed said.

Hollingsed confirmed that the department is working the case.

By Vicki Hyatt - Editor

About a third of the jobs in Haywood County could disappear because of the technological revolution, a percentage that ranks Western North Carolina as highest in the state on a "future work disruption index."

The index was developed by the Institute for Emerging Issues, a public policy organization focused on enhancing North Carolina’s long-term prosperity.

Automation primarily poses indoor shooting range and nuisance matter because what they consider is a safety and nuisance matter because the county has no ordinance in place to prevent it.

The indoor shooting range, by law, must be permitted. The county, however, is considering an ordinance regulating outdoor ranges. County Manager Ira Dove explained that the discussion was limited to areas.

In Haywood, the highest risk of disappearing jobs in Haywood County.

"This is not just blue-collar jobs we’re talking about," Charlotte said. “It affects white-collar, too. Telemarketers are at the top of the list, and so are tech workers and word processors. Quickbooks has already changed the accounting world."

"This is not just blue-collar jobs we’re talking about," Charlotte said. “It affects white-collar, too. Telemarketers are at the top of the list, and so are tech workers and word processors. Quickbooks has already changed the accounting world."

The HUB meetings are roundtable discussions among the top business, academic and government individuals in Asheville in a group billed as a “think and do” tank.

Jobs continues on 10A

By Vicki Hyatt - Editor

HAYWOOD COUNTY

The above chart shows job categories that are at the highest risk of disappearing.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Job Category</th>
<th>% of County Employment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FOOD PREPARATION AND SERVING RELATED</td>
<td>58%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TRANSPORTATION AND MATERIAL MOVING OCCUPATIONS</td>
<td>58%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SALES AND RELATED OCCUPATIONS</td>
<td>17%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFFICE AND ADMINISTRATION SUPPORT</td>
<td>11%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OTHER</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The above chart shows job categories that are at the highest risk of disappearing.

By Vicki Hyatt - Editor

Justice delayed by prosecutor shortage

HAYWOOD COUNTY

"This is not just blue-collar jobs we’re talking about," Charlotte said. “It affects white-collar, too. Telemarketers are at the top of the list, and so are tech workers and word processors. Quickbooks has already changed the accounting world."

"This is not just blue-collar jobs we’re talking about," Charlotte said. “It affects white-collar, too. Telemarketers are at the top of the list, and so are tech workers and word processors. Quickbooks has already changed the accounting world."

The HUB meetings are roundtable discussions among the top business, academic and government individuals in Asheville in a group billed as a “think and do” tank.

Jobs continues on 10A

By Vicki Hyatt - Editor

HAYWOOD COUNTY

The above chart shows job categories that are at the highest risk of disappearing.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Job Category</th>
<th>% of County Employment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FOOD PREPARATION AND SERVING RELATED</td>
<td>58%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TRANSPORTATION AND MATERIAL MOVING OCCUPATIONS</td>
<td>58%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SALES AND RELATED OCCUPATIONS</td>
<td>17%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFFICE AND ADMINISTRATION SUPPORT</td>
<td>11%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OTHER</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The above chart shows job categories that are at the highest risk of disappearing.

By Vicki Hyatt - Editor

Justice delayed by prosecutor shortage

HAYWOOD COUNTY

"This is not just blue-collar jobs we’re talking about," Charlotte said. “It affects white-collar, too. Telemarketers are at the top of the list, and so are tech workers and word processors. Quickbooks has already changed the accounting world."

"This is not just blue-collar jobs we’re talking about," Charlotte said. “It affects white-collar, too. Telemarketers are at the top of the list, and so are tech workers and word processors. Quickbooks has already changed the accounting world."

The HUB meetings are roundtable discussions among the top business, academic and government individuals in Asheville in a group billed as a “think and do” tank.

Jobs continues on 10A

By Vicki Hyatt - Editor

HAYWOOD COUNTY

The above chart shows job categories that are at the highest risk of disappearing.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Job Category</th>
<th>% of County Employment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FOOD PREPARATION AND SERVING RELATED</td>
<td>58%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TRANSPORTATION AND MATERIAL MOVING OCCUPATIONS</td>
<td>58%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SALES AND RELATED OCCUPATIONS</td>
<td>17%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFFICE AND ADMINISTRATION SUPPORT</td>
<td>11%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OTHER</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The above chart shows job categories that are at the highest risk of disappearing.

By Vicki Hyatt - Editor

Justice delayed by prosecutor shortage

HAYWOOD COUNTY

"This is not just blue-collar jobs we’re talking about," Charlotte said. “It affects white-collar, too. Telemarketers are at the top of the list, and so are tech workers and word processors. Quickbooks has already changed the accounting world."

"This is not just blue-collar jobs we’re talking about," Charlotte said. “It affects white-collar, too. Telemarketers are at the top of the list, and so are tech workers and word processors. Quickbooks has already changed the accounting world."

The HUB meetings are roundtable discussions among the top business, academic and government individuals in Asheville in a group billed as a “think and do” tank.

Jobs continues on 10A

By Vicki Hyatt - Editor

HAYWOOD COUNTY

The above chart shows job categories that are at the highest risk of disappearing.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Job Category</th>
<th>% of County Employment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FOOD PREPARATION AND SERVING RELATED</td>
<td>58%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TRANSPORTATION AND MATERIAL MOVING OCCUPATIONS</td>
<td>58%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SALES AND RELATED OCCUPATIONS</td>
<td>17%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFFICE AND ADMINISTRATION SUPPORT</td>
<td>11%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OTHER</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The above chart shows job categories that are at the highest risk of disappearing.
In the 38th district was where... 3A

...and back up to an average caseload of 4,964 cases per year, per prosecutor. Those are high priority and certainly not necessary all the time, much like all have to be processed and it's a very different degree... 1A

District Attorney Welch has spoken of her first year in office working to restructure her staff and... and... 1A

...who handles the most seri... 1A

...in which she hopes will increase efficiency by allowing them to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.

The median time in days that it takes to process felony cases in Superior Court has gone from 177 days to 215 days in 2015. Five years ago, the average age of a felony case in Superior Court was 177 days.

...to concentrate solely on those cases that... 1A

Hoping will increase efficiency by allowing them to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.

The median time in days that it takes to process felony cases in Superior Court has gone from 177 days to 215 days in 2015. Five years ago, the average age of a felony case in Superior Court was 177 days.

...in which she hopes will increase efficiency by allowing them to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.

The median time in days that it takes to process felony cases in Superior Court has gone from 177 days to 215 days in 2015. Five years ago, the average age of a felony case in Superior Court was 177 days.

...to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.

Hoping will increase efficiency by allowing them to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.

The median time in days that it takes to process felony cases in Superior Court has gone from 177 days to 215 days in 2015. Five years ago, the average age of a felony case in Superior Court was 177 days.

...to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.

Hoping will increase efficiency by allowing them to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.

The median time in days that it takes to process felony cases in Superior Court has gone from 177 days to 215 days in 2015. Five years ago, the average age of a felony case in Superior Court was 177 days.

...to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.

Hoping will increase efficiency by allowing them to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.

The median time in days that it takes to process felony cases in Superior Court has gone from 177 days to 215 days in 2015. Five years ago, the average age of a felony case in Superior Court was 177 days.

...to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.

Hoping will increase efficiency by allowing them to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.

The median time in days that it takes to process felony cases in Superior Court has gone from 177 days to 215 days in 2015. Five years ago, the average age of a felony case in Superior Court was 177 days.

...to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.

Hoping will increase efficiency by allowing them to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.

The median time in days that it takes to process felony cases in Superior Court has gone from 177 days to 215 days in 2015. Five years ago, the average age of a felony case in Superior Court was 177 days.

...to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.

Hoping will increase efficiency by allowing them to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.

The median time in days that it takes to process felony cases in Superior Court has gone from 177 days to 215 days in 2015. Five years ago, the average age of a felony case in Superior Court was 177 days.

...to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.

Hoping will increase efficiency by allowing them to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.

The median time in days that it takes to process felony cases in Superior Court has gone from 177 days to 215 days in 2015. Five years ago, the average age of a felony case in Superior Court was 177 days.

...to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.

Hoping will increase efficiency by allowing them to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.

The median time in days that it takes to process felony cases in Superior Court has gone from 177 days to 215 days in 2015. Five years ago, the average age of a felony case in Superior Court was 177 days.

...to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.

Hoping will increase efficiency by allowing them to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.

The median time in days that it takes to process felony cases in Superior Court has gone from 177 days to 215 days in 2015. Five years ago, the average age of a felony case in Superior Court was 177 days.

...to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.

Hoping will increase efficiency by allowing them to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.

The median time in days that it takes to process felony cases in Superior Court has gone from 177 days to 215 days in 2015. Five years ago, the average age of a felony case in Superior Court was 177 days.

...to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.

Hoping will increase efficiency by allowing them to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.

The median time in days that it takes to process felony cases in Superior Court has gone from 177 days to 215 days in 2015. Five years ago, the average age of a felony case in Superior Court was 177 days.

...to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.

Hoping will increase efficiency by allowing them to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.

The median time in days that it takes to process felony cases in Superior Court has gone from 177 days to 215 days in 2015. Five years ago, the average age of a felony case in Superior Court was 177 days.

...to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.

Hoping will increase efficiency by allowing them to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.

The median time in days that it takes to process felony cases in Superior Court has gone from 177 days to 215 days in 2015. Five years ago, the average age of a felony case in Superior Court was 177 days.

...to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.

Hoping will increase efficiency by allowing them to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.

The median time in days that it takes to process felony cases in Superior Court has gone from 177 days to 215 days in 2015. Five years ago, the average age of a felony case in Superior Court was 177 days.

...to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.

Hoping will increase efficiency by allowing them to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.

The median time in days that it takes to process felony cases in Superior Court has gone from 177 days to 215 days in 2015. Five years ago, the average age of a felony case in Superior Court was 177 days.

...to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.

Hoping will increase efficiency by allowing them to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.

The median time in days that it takes to process felony cases in Superior Court has gone from 177 days to 215 days in 2015. Five years ago, the average age of a felony case in Superior Court was 177 days.

...to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.

Hoping will increase efficiency by allowing them to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.

The median time in days that it takes to process felony cases in Superior Court has gone from 177 days to 215 days in 2015. Five years ago, the average age of a felony case in Superior Court was 177 days.

...to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.

Hoping will increase efficiency by allowing them to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.

The median time in days that it takes to process felony cases in Superior Court has gone from 177 days to 215 days in 2015. Five years ago, the average age of a felony case in Superior Court was 177 days.

...to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.

Hoping will increase efficiency by allowing them to concentrate solely on those cases that take the most time.